

# 18<sup>th</sup> Texas Vol. Infantry Safety Test

*Return this form to the Regiment*

Company: (print) \_\_\_\_\_  
Name: (print) \_\_\_\_\_  
Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

## General Infantry Exam

*All 18<sup>th</sup> Texas Members must take the Exam.*

Age: \_\_\_\_\_ Sponsor (if minor): \_\_\_\_\_  
Date of Testing: \_\_\_\_\_  
Test verified by: \_\_\_\_\_  
Unit Commander: (print) \_\_\_\_\_  
Date Test Received: \_\_\_\_\_  
Unit Commander's Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

*Circle the MOST appropriate answer.*

### Section 1 - General Safety

1. What is the **first priority** of the 18<sup>th</sup> Texas Vol. Infantry?
  - A. To party during camp.
  - B. Get more women in uniform.
  - C. Recruit dismounted cavalry troopers.
  - D. Safety.
2. All members of a reenactment unit must learn and understand:
  - A. What girls want to see at the battle.
  - B. How to look like you're drilling.
  - C. How to do field surgery.
  - D. Learn the safety regulations.
3. Who has ULTIMATE responsibility for your safety?
  - A. Your Commanding Officer .
  - B. The President of the United States.
  - C. You.
  - D. Your Father and Mother.

4. Any verbal provocation or physical abuse with malicious intent by any member towards another member will or can lead to:
  - A. Immediate expulsion.
  - B. Nothing.
  - C. A pat on the back.
  - D. Demotion to private.
  
5. What is the minimum distance from tents and/or fires that open fires are allowed?
  - A. 50 ft.
  - B. 25 ft.
  - C. 6 ft.
  - D. 2 ft.
  
6. What action will take place if you are found under the influence of drugs or alcohol?
  - A. Banishment from the 18th Regt.
  - B. Immediate suspension from all event activities and will be disciplined
  - C. Nothing
  - D. Whatever is decided by your company commander.
  
7. When are open flames and/or smoking prohibited?
  - A. When talking to women in hoop skirts, rolling cartridge tubes, being prepared for hospital scenarios and within 50' of any horse.
  - B. When handling black powder, after battle muster, during battle, after battle, until weapons are cleaned, within 25 feet of ammunition boxes or chests.
  - C. When baking hardtack, demonstrating weaving techniques, after 9 PM at night and on any day when it rains more than 1 inch per hour.
  - D. When making ammo boxes, after battle when the weapons have been cleaned, at church, and within 25 ' of any cavalry horse.
  
8. When are fireworks allowed to be brought to events?
  - A. By authorization of the Company Commander.
  - B. Never.

9. The cry "MEDIC" is to be used:
- A. When you are pretending to be wounded.
  - B. When the surgeon is approaching.
  - C. When on the battle field only.
  - D. When a real medical emergency happens.
10. The minimum safe distance in front of a long-arm or sidearm that is being fired is:
- A. 100 ft.
  - B. 75 ft.
  - C. 50 ft.
  - D. 30 ft.
11. The minimum safe distance in front of, a loaded cannon is
- A. 75 ft.
  - B. 65 ft.
  - C. 55 ft.
  - D. 5 ft.
12. "Cease Fire" may be yelled by:
- A. Company commanders only.
  - B. Battalion commander only.
  - C. Anyone with rank of sergeant or above.
  - D. Anyone who sees an unsafe act or condition.
13. You can recognize ground charges because
- A. You can't see them, they are completely hidden.
  - B. You see cans raised above the ground.
  - C. They have small red flags.
  - D. They are at the bottom of a 2 foot depression.
14. What should participants do when a horse is loose on the battlefield, or camp?
- A. Block its escape route.
  - B. Call the humane society.
  - C. Ignore it and continue your current activity.
  - D. Do not approach a loose horse unless instructed to do so by Cavalry troopers.

15. Sutlers are required to have which item in their tents?

- A. Molasses cookies
- B. Fire extinguisher
- C. Cold beer
- D. Fresh water

16. A bucket of water or a fire extinguisher must be accessible at every campfire.

- A. True
- B. False

17. When you leave your campsite unattended you should put out all candles and fires.

- A. True
- B. False

18. Discharge of weapons is prohibited within \_\_\_\_\_ feet of the powder boxes.

- A. 25
- B. 50
- C. 2
- D. 6

19. When an artillery piece is loaded the artillery crew shall:

- A. Raise a red flag.
- B. Raise a hand to indicate they are ready to fire.
- C. Place the rammer on the hub or wheel top, pointing upwards, indicating they are ready to fire.
- D. Fire as soon as it's loaded.

20. The safety distance from a ground charge is \_\_\_\_\_ feet.

- A. 2
- B. 5
- C. 20
- D. 50

21. Are stallions allowed to participate in events?

- A. Stallions are actively encouraged.
- B. Mares and geldings are only allowed.
- C. Only mares are allowed.
- D. All horses are allowed.

22. Should a horse be tied by the reins?

- A. Yes
- B. No
- C. Maybe
- D. It's hard to say

**Part 2 - Weapons Safety (Required for all military personnel)**

1. What may not be carried on Night Watch at events?

- A. Lanterns
- B. Weapons
- C. Tent pegs
- D. Answers to the Safety Test

2. No person under the age of \_\_\_\_\_ years may participate in a battle scenario on or off the battlefield.

- A. 12 years if unarmed.
- B. 14 years if unarmed.
- C. 16 years if unarmed.
- D. 18 years if unarmed.

3. Who has the authority to authorize the firing of a weapon?

- A. The nearest corporal.
- B. Anyone.
- C. Your company commander.
- D. You do.

4. Cap firing is allowed:

- A. In a designated capping area.
- B. Whenever it is convenient.
- C. Only in military camp.
- D. Only on Saturday mornings.

5. Weapons will be inspected:
- A. At the end of each battle.
  - B. In the morning of each day of an event before the first battle.
  - C. Before coming to an event.
  - D. In the evening at the end of the event after the last battle.
6. What shall be cleaned at the end of every day?
- A. All weapons.
  - B. All horses.
  - C. All cars.
  - D. All tents.
7. Ground charges are placed by:
- A. The Fife and Drum Corps.
  - B. The Marine Corps.
  - C. The U.S. & Confederate Battalion Staff.
  - D. The Engineer Corps.
8. The maximum powder charge for muskets is:
- A. .69 cal.=90 grains, .58 ca.=85 grains, .54 cal.=70 grains, 50 cal.=60 grains, .45cal.=55 grains
  - C. .69 cal.=120 grains, .58 ca.=90 grains, .54 cal.=85 grains, 50 cal.=70 grains, .45cal.=70 grains
  - D. .69 cal.=80 grains, .58 ca.=70 grains, .54 cal.=70 grains, .50 cal.=60 grains, .45 cal.=50 grains
  - E. .69 cal.=65 grains, .58 ca.=50 grains, .54 cal.=45 grains, 50 cal.=35 grains, .45cal.=25 grains
9. Longarms use \_\_\_\_\_ grade of powder.
- A. FFg or FFFg.
  - B. Fg or smaller.
  - C. It doesn't matter.
  - D. Smokeless.

10. When may ramrods be drawn during battle?

- A. Always
- B. Never

11. Firing from a prone position is allowed:

- A. If choreographed and with company and brigade commander permission.
- B. If it looks good to the audience.
- C. If your 2nd sergeant tells you to.
- D. If the weather is good.

12. What types of powder are forbidden?

- A. Cream of Wheat
- B. Puffed Rice
- C. Granulated Sugar
- D. Pyrodex and other smokeless powders

13. Hand-to-hand combat is permitted:

- A. Only if close to the audience.
- B. Only if at least 300 feet from the audience.
- C. Only if choreographed, rehearsed in advance and authorized by both Brigade Commanders.
- D. Only if your 2nd sergeant tells you to.

14. Combatants may not advance for Hand to Hand combat:

- A. If their weapons are loaded.
- B. If their weapons are not loaded.
- C. If their dance card isn't signed.
- D. Unless they hear "Simon Says" first.

15. What kinds of weapons are allowed to use FFFFg powder?

- A. Pistols
- B. Carbines
- C. 2 band rifles
- D. All weapons

16. If your loaded weapon misfires 3 times on the battlefield:
- A. Reload and try again.
  - B. Dump the powder and become a casualty.
  - C. Reload and recap the musket.
  - D. Ask your sergeant to trade weapons.
17. When you "cap off" your weapon, what do you look for?
- A. That the gasses from the rifle barrel cause grass to move from the blast.
  - B. That there are no percussion caps on the rifled musket.
  - C. That your weapon is not loaded.
  - D. That the gaseous emissions from the rifle barrel do not cause problems with the EPA
18. When can you carry powder flasks on your person?
- A. Only at backcountry events and only for loading pistols.
  - B. Never.
  - C. Whenever you carry a shotgun.
  - D. Only if your 2nd sergeant tells you it is acceptable.
19. Any firearm with a barrel length of less than \_\_\_\_\_ shall not fire from the rear ranks, except if the front ranks are in the kneeling position:
- A. 19 inches
  - B. 29 inches
  - C. 39 inches
  - D. 49 inches
20. Weapons shall be readily accessible and left unattended while the public is present during an event.
- A. True
  - B. False
21. Pistols and rifles will not be carried at full-cock during a charge.
- A. True
  - B. False